

Assessment Roll for the Township of...

for the year 1893.

¹²No more than one tract or parcel must be valued or taxed on the same line. Two descriptions must not be joined in one valuation or tax, unless owned and occupied by one person. *Private Estate* they should be separated as "owner bankruptcy." Enter the name of the owner with the tract or parcel in the column where it belongs, or enter the name for which the tract is used and in the "Occupant" column. Occupant may be the name of the name of the occupier or the name of the person who holds the "mortgage" or the "trust". Attention of assessing officers is especially called to section 15 to 27 of the same law as the purpose of the mortgagor, a holder of an interest represented by means of deed of trust or other obligation.

in the County of...

be reduced and taxes entered on a different line, as well as column from *Real Estate*. Non-resident lands should be entered in numerical order, beginning with section one, and in the same order as the owner is known to the column for "Residence," state opposite each parcel, for which year the reassessment was made. In column 3 enter the name of the owner or the name of "Owner" if the name of the owner is not known to the occupant, enter the value of the interest of the owner, i.e., the true cash value of the land less the interest represented by mortgage, deed of trust or other obligation, if any. In column 16 enter Tax Law of 1894, which should be carefully observed and the direction therein contained should be strictly followed.—ADVISOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, 1882.